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Ph.D. ENTRANCE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2021

HISTORY

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Time : Two Ho	ours				Maximum : 100 Marks
			Part I		
Th	ne answer to the objective E			to be marked by using ries 1 mark.	g "● " the mark.
1. The bo	ook <i>Keralam Malayalika</i>	lude I	Mathrubhur	ni was written by :	
(A)	E.M.S. Namboothiripa	d.			
(B)	Elamkulam Kunjan Pi	llai.			
(C)	K.P. Padmanabha Me	non.			
(D)	A. Sreedhara Menon.				
2. Who sa	aid 'History is essentially	y the r	ecord of the	e life of men in societie	s'?
(A)	G.R. Elton.		(B)	Will Durant.	
(C)	A.L. Rowse.		(D)	None of the above.	
3. Which	of the following pairs is	not co	orrectly mat	ched?	
(A)	Mudrarakshasa	1-	Visakhada	tta.	
(B)	Mrichchakatika		Sudraka.		
(C)	Ratnavali	_	Rajasekha	ra.	
(D)	Nagananda		Harsha.		
4. Intern	al criticism is associated	with:			
(A)	Intellectual criticism.		(B)	Positive criticism.	
(C)	Negative criticism.		(D)	None of the above.	
5. Mitaks	shara, a commentary on	low b	ook of Yanj	avalkya was written b	y:
(A)	Jayaditya.		(B)	Palakalpya.	
(C)	Bhairavi		(D)	Viinaneshvara	

6.	My Cor	<i>ifessions</i> and Email was written by	:	
	(A)	Adam Anderson.	(B)	Sharon Turner.
	(C)	Sismondi.	(D)	Rousseau.
7.	Who w	as the leader and inspirer of the Yo	oung I	Bengal Movement?
	(A)	Pearey Chand Mitra.	(B)	Rasik Krishna Mallik.
	(C)	Ramtanu Lahiri.	(D)	Henry Vivan Derozio.
8.	Which	one of the following is a port town	of Ind	us Valley Civilization?
	(A)	Banawali.	(B)	Lothal.
	(C)	Harappa.	(D)	Ropar.
9.	Which	building was not built by Akbar?		
	(A)	Jodhabai Palace.	(B)	Moti Masjid.
	(C)	Sultana Mahal.	(D)	Panch Mahal.
10.	Where	did Jahangir defeated Khusru?		
	(A)	Karachi.	(B)	Lahore.
	(C)	Agra.	(D)	Amritsar.
11.	The co	ncept of $Anuvrata$ was advocated b	у —	 .
	(A)	Hinayana Buddhism.	(B)	Mahayana Buddhism.
	(C)	The Lokayata School.	(D)	Jainism.
12.	Which	of the following was the leader of V	Waliul	llahi (wahabi) movement?
	(A)	Muhammad Abdul Wahab.	(B)	Waliullah.
	(C)	Syed Ahmad of Rae Barelly.	(D)	Abdul Aziz.
13.	Buddh	a delivered his first sermon at :		
	(A)	Sanchi.	(B)	Saranath.
	(C)	Kapilavasthu.	(D)	Rajgriha.

14.	The Ma	uryan	ruler	who	was al	so kno	own b	y the	name Amitraghata was :	
	(A)	Dasha	arath	a.				(B)	Brihadratha.	
	(C)	Bindu	ısara.					(D)	Salisuka.	
15.	Which	style of	f arch	itectu	re was	s deve	loped	by th	e Chalukyas of Badami ?	
	(A)	Dravi	ida.					(B)	Vesara.	
	(C)	Naga	ra.					(D)	Gopuram.	
16.	The ter	m kud	<i>i</i> sign	ifies :						
	(A)	Caste						(B)	Varna.	
	(C)	Gotra	l .					(D)	Tribe.	
17.	Who pr	opoun	ded th	ne mot	to "Go	back	to the	Ved	as"?	
	(A)	Nare	ndra I	Nath I	Datta.			(B)	Mul Shankar.	
	(C)	Vishr	nu Sha	ashtri.	•			(D)	Bal Gangadhar Thilak.	
18.	Match	the Lis	st I wi	th Lis	t II an	nd cho	ose th	e cor	rect answer from the given one :	
	Lis	st - I :								
	(A)	Puha	r.					(B)	Kauldemka.	
	(C)	Arika	ımedu	ι.				(D)	Uraiyur List - II.	
	Lis	List - II :								
	(A)	Centi	re of C	Cottan	Texti	le.				
	(B)	Sea -	port.							
	(C)	Centi	re of F	Pearl c	ulture	e.				
	(D)	Color	ny of r	oman	trade	rs.				
	Code :								•	
			(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)				
		(A)	1	2	4	3				
		(B)	2	3	1	4				
		(C)	4	3	2	1				
		(D)	2	3	4	1				

3

19.	Who wa	was the first lady ruler of Kashmir who first worked as Guardian ?				
	(A)	Durga.	(B)	Dudda.		
	(C)	Hindan.	(D)	Lalitha.		
20.	Which	among the following established th	e Mol	nammedan Literary society in 1863 at Calcutta?		
	(A)	Dr. Mukhtar Ahmed Ansari.	(B)	Shariyatullah.		
	(C)	Nawab Abdul Latif.	(D)	Syed Amin Ali.		
21.	Which	of the following temples is situated	in Kl	najuraho?		
	(A)	Kandaria Mahadev.	(B)	Devi Jagadamba		
	(C)	Parshvanath.	(D)	All of the above		
22.	First M	Ialayalam dictionary was compiled	by			
	(A)	Hermen Gundert.				
	(B)	Srikandeswaram Padmanabha Pi	llai.			
	(C)	Vallathol.				
	(D)	None of these.				
23.	Whose	capital was Manyakhet?				
	(A)	Pallavas.	(B)	Chalukyas.		
	(C)	Kalachuris.	(D)	Rashtrakutas.		
24.	Under v	whose rule was the first step in the	intro	duction of local-self government taken?		
	(A)	Lord Chelmsford.	(B)	Lord Ripon.		
	(C)	Lord Curzon.	(D)	Lord Dufferin.		
25.	On whi	On which type of painting Akbar paid his attention most?				
	(A)	Natural.	(B)	Religious.		
	(C)	Fresco.	(D)	Pietra Dura.		
26.	Which a	art is called Dravida architecture?				
	(A)	Pallava.	(B)	Chola.		
	(C)	Rashtrakuda.	(D)	All of the above.		

27.	By the	time Lord Curzon came to India :		
	(A)	British imperialism in India was a	at its z	enith.
	(B)	The attitude of the Indians in Poli	itics w	as still lukewarm.
	(C)	Indian nationalism had entered a	turb	ulent phase.
	(D)	India had won her independence		
28.	Who sa	id these words history is geograph	y set i	into motion ?'
	(A)	Kant.	(B)	Aristotle.
	(C)	Michelete.	(D)	Herder.
29.	Who wa	as called <i>Mahattar</i> ?		
	(A)	The chief of leather workers shree	ni.	
	(B)	The chief of artifacts workers shr	eni.	
	(C)	Head of the teachers.		
	(D)	Chief of the army.		
30.	The Ro	man Antiquities is written by :		
	(A)	Arrian.	(B)	Diodorus.
	(C)	Plutarch.	(D)	Dionysius.
31.	What v	vas the name of the reform movem	ent of	1849 in Maharashtra.
	(A)	Dharma Sabha.	(B)	Parama hansa sabha.
	(C)	$Sadharan\ Brahmo\ Samaj.$	(D)	$Prarthana\ Sabha.$
32.	Where	was the naval base of Shivaji?		
	(A)	Colaba.	(B)	Kalyan.
	(C)	Bassien.	(D)	Silsit.
33.	Who w	rote <i>Kitabul Hind</i> ?		
	(A)	Utbi.	(B)	Alberuni.
	(C)	Almasudi.	(D)	All the above.
34.	When v	was the first textile mill started in	India	?
	(A)	1779.	(B)	1783.
	(C)	1853.	(D)	1791.

(C) 1853.

35.	The ac	count of the Kalinga war is provide	d by -	 .
	(A)	Pillar inscriptions.	(B)	Minor Rock Edict -1.
	(C)	Rock Edict XII.	(D)	None of them.
36.	The cre	edit for founding Calcutta in 1690 g	oes to)
	(A)	Robert Clive.	(B)	Captain William Heath.
	(C)	William Hedges.	(D)	Job Charn7ock.
37.	Who w	as the first woman governor of Ker	ala ?	
	(A)	Anna chandy.	(B)	Fathima Beevi.
	(C)	Lalithambika.	(D)	Jyothi Venkidachalam.
38.	Which	social reformer of Maharashtra bed	came	famous by the name of Lokahidavadi?
	(A)	Atmaram Pandurang.	(B)	Bal Gangadhar Tilak.
	(C)	Gopal Hari Deshmukh.	(D)	Gopal Krishna Gokhale.
39.	The ve	da which contains reference to mus	ic is :	
	(A)	Rigvda.	(B)	Yajurveda.
	(C)	Samaveda.	(D)	Adharvaveda.
40.	Nehru	report prepared by Motilal Nehru v	vas re	eaction to the :
	(A)	Simon Commission.		
	(B)	Special Law Repeal Act of 1922.		
	(C)	Reforms act 1919.		
	(D)	Muddiman Committee report.		
41.	Shah N	Jamah is written by ?		
	(A)	Ibn Battuta.	(B)	Hasan Nizami.
	(C)	Firdausi.	(D)	Isami.
42.	The pla	ay 'Neel Darpan' is inspired by the o	cultiv	ation of which crop?
	(A)	Tea.	(B)	Cotton.
	(C)	Onium	(D)	Indigo

43.	"History without political science has no fruit and political science without history has no root. Who made this statement?				
	(A)	Prof.Seeley.	(B)	Prof.Renier.	
	(C)	Lord Acton.	(D)	Voltaire.	
44.	Attinga	al Rebellion was broke out in ———	— уе	ar.	
	(A)	1721.	(B)	1728.	
	(C)	1815.	(D)	1803.	
45.	Secular	rization of thought and critical stud	ly of l	nistory was generated by historians of :	
	(A)	Reformation period.	(B)	Humanism period.	
	(C)	Renaissance Period.	(D)	Transformation Period.	
46.		Tho among the following is the only person from Kerala to become President of Indian Nation ongress?			
	(A)	C. Sankaran Nair.			
	(B)	G.P.Pillai.			
	(C)	K Madhavan Nair.			
	(D)	Gopala Menon.			
47.	What a		shoul	ld keep in mind for the selection of project or	
	(A)	Language of the source material.			
	(B)	To avoid the study of comparative	histo	ory.	
	(C)	Availability of source material.			
	(D)	All of the above.			
48.	The fire	st recorded history of Kerala seems	insid	e the inscriptions of ———.	
	(A)	Bindusara.	(B)	Ashoka.	
	(C)	Pulkesin.	(D)	Raja Raja Chola.	

7

8 C 3376

- 49. Which of the following towns was chosen as the headquarters of the Wahabi in 1826?
 - (A) Peshawar.

(B) Charsadda.

(C) Kandahar.

- (D) Quetta.
- 50. Which of the following methods was adopted by the pre-nineteenth century historians?
 - (A) Critical Method.

(B) Non-critical method.

(C) Secular approach.

(D) Analytical Approach.

 $(50 \times 1 = 50 \text{ marks})$

Part II

Attempt any **five** of the following.

Answers should not exceed **three pages**.

Each question carries 10 marks.

- 1. Justify the statement that Gupta period was the Golden Age of Ancient India.
- 2. Examine the process of agrarian expansion in Kerala in 13 to 16 centuries.
- 3. What do you understand by the Dhamma of Ashoka?
- 4. Critically examine the administration of Shershah?
- 5. The concept of historical objectivity is a myth. 'Bring out the truth in this statement.
- 6. How far the policies of Aurangazeb were responsible for the downfall of Mughal empire?
- 7. Write a brief but critical essay on the nature and growth of the British Paramountcy over the princely state?
- 8. What are the main tools of historical research?
- 9. Critically examine the part played by the revolutionary groups in the achievement of Indian Independence.
- 10. How to prepare a synopsis?
- 11. Critically analyze the social movements occurred in Kerala.
- 12. Discuss the salient features of the Government of India Act 1935?

 $(5 \times 10 = 50 \text{ marks})$