

**SECOND SEMESTER (CBCSS—UG) DEGREE RE-EXAMINATION
APRIL 2020**

Political Science

ICP1(2)C01—INDIAN CONSTITUTION AND POLITICS : BASIC FEATURES AND
GOVERNMENTAL STRUCTURES

(2019 Admissions)

Time : Two Hours and a Half

Maximum : 80 Marks

Part A (Short Answer Questions)

Students can answer all the questions.

Each question carries 2 marks with a ceiling of 25 marks.

1. Constitution.
2. Bureaucracy.
3. Public Interest Litigation.
4. Uni cameral Legislature.
5. Rigid Constitution.
6. Minister of State.
7. Constitutional Remedies.
8. Integrated judiciary.
9. Special Session.
10. Reprieve.
11. Censure Motion.
12. Advisory Jurisdiction.
13. Prime Minister's Office.
14. Political Homogeneity.
15. Collegium System.

[Ceiling of marks 25]

Turn over

Part B (Short Essay Questions)

Students can answer all the questions.

Each question carries 5 marks with a ceiling of 35 marks.

16. Explain the unique features of the Constitution of India.
17. Discuss the role of bureaucracy in administration.
18. Write a note on the Philosophy of the Constitution of India.
19. Elucidate the Administrative functions of the President of India.
20. Bring out the limitations on the enforcement of Fundamental Rights.
21. Comment on the objectives of the Constitution of India.
22. "Preamble embodies of spirit of the Constitution". Discuss.
23. How has the Constitution of India guarantees the Independence of Judiciary ?

[Ceiling of marks 35]

Part C (Essay Questions)

Answer any two questions.

Each question carries 10 marks.

24. Bring out the composition and powers of the Supreme Court of India.
25. "All parliamentary Governments are converted into Prime Minister's Government" R.H.S. Crossman. Substantiate.
26. Discuss the composition and functions of the House of the people.
27. Define Constitution. Explain its significance in the present order.

(2 × 10 = 20 marks)

**SECOND SEMESTER (CUCBCSS—UG) DEGREE RE-EXAMINATION
APRIL 2020**

Political Science

ICP 1C 01 AND ICP 2C 02—INDIAN CONSTITUTION AND POLITICS : BASIC
FEATURES AND GOVERNMENTAL STRUCTURES

(2014—2018 Admissions)

Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 80 Marks

Answers may be written either in English or in Malayalam.

Answer questions from All sections and All parts.

Section A (Objective Type Questions)

Answer all questions.

Each question carries ½ mark.

PART I

Choose the correct answer :

1. The objectives resolution was moved in the Constituent Assembly by :

- | | |
|--------------------------|--------------------|
| (a) Dr. Rajendra Prasad. | (b) K.M. Munshi. |
| (c) Jawaharlal Nehru. | (d) B.R. Ambedkar. |

2. The last British Governor General of India :

- | | |
|------------------|-----------------------|
| (a) Lord Wavell. | (b) Lord Mountbatten. |
| (c) Lord Minto. | (d) Lord Attlee. |

3. Right to Education is inserted into the Constitution of India by :

- | | |
|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| (a) 80th Amendment Act. | (b) 84th Amendment Act. |
| (c) 86th Amendment Act. | (d) 89th Amendment Act. |

4. Article _____ of Indian Constitution deals with Right to constitutional remedies.

5. Constitution of India was finally adopted by the Constituent Assembly on _____.

6. The idea of Directive Principles of State Policy is borrowed from the Constitution of _____.

(6 × ½ = 3 marks)

Turn over

PART II

Choose the correct answer :

7. The meeting of the Union Council of Ministers is presided over by :
- (a) Prime Minister. (b) President of India.
(c) Home Minister. (d) Lok Sabha Speaker.
8. The power to proclaim state emergency under Article 356 of the Constitution of India is vested in :
- (a) State Governor. (b) Chief justice of Supreme Court.
(c) Prime Minister. (d) President of India.
9. The age of retirement of judges of Supreme Court :
- (a) 56 years. (b) 58 years.
(c) 62 years. (d) 65 years.

Fill in the blanks :

10. The tenure of Lok Sabha is _____ years.
11. Policy formulation at National level is the function of the _____.
12. _____ is the Executive Head of a State in India.

(6 × ½ = 3 marks)

Section B (Short Answer Questions)

Answer any five questions each from both parts.

Answers shall not exceed 30 words each.

Each question carries 2 marks.

PART I

13. Significance of Indian Council Act of 1892.
14. Provincial autonomy.
15. Non-co-operation movement.
16. Fundamental duties.
17. Federalism.
18. Right to freedom.

(5 × 2 = 10 marks)

PART II

19. Election of Indian President.
20. Council of Ministers and Cabinet.
21. Bicameralism.
22. National emergency.
23. Kerala Legislative Assembly.
24. Judicial review.

(5 × 2 = 10 marks)

Section C (Short Essay Questions)

*Answer any **three** questions each from both parts.
Answers shall not exceed 100 words each.
Each question carries 5 marks.*

PART I

25. Bring out the significance of Government of India Act 1935.
26. Write a note on Dyarchy introduced by the Government of India Act 1919.
27. Explain the meaning and significance of preamble to the Constitution of India.
28. Critically examine Directive principles of state policy.

(3 × 5 = 15 marks)

PART II

29. Explain the constitutional position and role of Indian President.
30. Describe the powers and functions of Indian Rajya Sabha.
31. Write a critical note on State Governor.
32. What is meant by Independence of Judiciary ? How is it maintained in India ?

(3 × 5 = 15 marks)

Turn over

Section D (Essay Questions)

*Answer any **one** question each from both parts.*

Answers shall not exceed 400 words each.

Each question carries 12 marks.

PART I

33. What were the main causes which contributed to the rise and development of Nationalism in India ?
34. Discuss the fundamental rights under the Constitution of India.

(1 × 12 = 12 marks)

PART II

35. Examine the composition, powers and functions of Union Cabinet in India.
36. Explain the role of Supreme Court in Indian Federal System.

(1 × 12 = 12 marks)

**SECOND SEMESTER M.A. DEGREE (REGULAR/SUPPLEMENTARY)
EXAMINATION, APRIL 2022**

April 2021 Session for SDE/Private Students

(CBCSS)

Political Science

POL 2C 08—THEORIES AND CONCEPTS OF INTERNATIONAL POLITICS

(2019 Admission onwards)

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

Time : 15 Minutes

Total No. of Questions : 20

Maximum : 5 Weightage

INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATE

1. This Question Paper carries Multiple Choice Questions from 1 to 20.
2. The candidate should check that the question paper supplied to him/her contains all the 20 questions in serial order.
3. Each question is provided with choices (A), (B), (C) and (D) having one correct answer. Choose the correct answer and enter it in the main answer-book.
4. The MCQ question paper will be supplied after the completion of the descriptive examination.

POL 2C 08—THEORIES AND CONCEPTS OF INTERNATIONAL POLITICS

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

1. The US approach to the cold war was originally set out in _____.
(A) The Truman Doctrine. (B) The Marshall Plan.
(C) The Monroe Doctrine. (D) The Dulles Doctrine.
2. Hegemonic stability theory is the theory accepted by realists and many neoliberals. It implies :
(A) The world political economy needs a hegemon who is authoritarian.
(B) It is a substitute for anarchy.
(C) It enunciates World Bank and IMF to govern the political economy.
(D) That a dominant military and economic power is necessary to ensure the stability and prosperity in a liberal world economy.
3. Which of the following is a key factor to distinguish liberalism from realism ?
(A) All realists are anarchist who does not believe in the state.
(B) Realism relishes conflict, not peace.
(C) All liberals believe that human beings are rational enough to learn from their mistakes.
(D) Realists see liberals as idealists who ignore the basic facts about human nature.
4. Which one of the following is not a part of global environmental security concerns ?
(A) Climate change.
(B) Depletion of the Ozone layer and industrial pollution.
(C) Over-exploitation of natural resources.
(D) Technology.
5. Which one of the following countries is members of NATO ?
(A) Egypt. (B) Israel.
(C) Saudi Arabia. (D) Turkey.
6. The term Third World refers to :
(A) Economically less developed countries in Asia, Africa and Latin America.
(B) The Muslim Countries of Asia and Africa.
(C) Countries of Eastern Europe depended on Soviet Union.
(D) China and Countries allied to it.
7. Which of the following ideologies is most inspiring to Islamic radical/terrorist groups in South Asian context ?
(A) Wahabism. (B) Nationalism.
(C) Sufism. (D) Democracy and Socialism.

8. 'Acid Rains' is considered as one of the following :
- (A) Chemical accidents.
 - (B) Chemical chain reaction.
 - (C) Deforestation.
 - (D) Heavy chemical industrialization and acidic formation in the atmosphere.
9. Name the agreement through which Sudan Conflict was resolved in 2005.
- (A) Agreement on Peace and Friendship.
 - (B) Comprehensive Peace Agreement.
 - (C) Permanent Treaty of Peace.
 - (D) Ceasefire Agreement of 2005.
10. The liberal views that war represents the greatest threat to the economic health of modern industrial civilization was first advocated by :
- (A) Norman Agnell.
 - (B) Adam Smith.
 - (C) Woodrow Wilson.
 - (D) John Maynard Keynes
11. Who, among the following thinkers, is not related to traditional realist school ?
- (A) Thucydides.
 - (B) Nicolo Machiavelli.
 - (C) Thomas Hobbes.
 - (D) Joseph Nye.
12. Who among the following asserted that "climate change is a bigger threat than terrorism" ?
- (A) David King.
 - (B) R.K. Pachauri.
 - (C) Hannes Alfoven.
 - (D) Tony Blair.
13. International society approach avoids the stark choice between :
- (A) Realism and Marxism.
 - (B) Realism and Liberalism.
 - (C) Liberalism and Marxism.
 - (D) Realism and Constructivism.
14. Which one of the following theoretical positions you will associate with the statement that "Economic globalization is an uneven, hierarchical process, where economic power is increasingly concentrated in leading industrialized countries" ?
- (A) Marxism.
 - (B) Realism.
 - (C) Neo-Marxism.
 - (D) Post-structuralism.
15. The Kyoto Protocol of 1997 adopted the programme for :
- (A) Ending global poverty.
 - (B) The democratisation of U.N. system.
 - (C) Broadening the participation within I.M.F. and World Bank.
 - (D) Reducing greenhouse emissions.

16. The major argument of Neo-realism of Kenneth Waltz is that :
- (A) Structures are more important than actors.
 - (B) Actors play more crucial role than structures.
 - (C) Human nature is crucial element in politics.
 - (D) The states override the constraints imposed by international structures.
17. International society tradition is also known as the :
- (A) Anglo-American School of International Relations.
 - (B) English School of International Relations.
 - (C) European School of International Relations.
 - (D) Alternative School of International Relations.
18. Who created the Global Environmental Facility (GEF) as an international mechanism specifically for funding environmental projects in developing countries ?
- (A) IMF.
 - (B) UNDP.
 - (C) UNEP.
 - (D) World Bank.
19. The notion of 'Balance of Terror' is related to :
- (A) Global terrorism.
 - (B) Counterterrorist strategies.
 - (C) Terrorist activities of drug traffickers.
 - (D) Over-kill capacity emanating from nuclear weapons.
20. Montreal protocol aims at :
- (A) Reduction in emissions of greenhouse gases.
 - (B) Phasing out ozone depleting substances.
 - (C) Prohibiting transboundary movement of hazardous waste.
 - (D) Enhancing cooperation among UN member states for peaceful uses of nuclear energy.

**SECOND SEMESTER M.A. DEGREE (REGULAR/SUPPLEMENTARY)
EXAMINATION, APRIL 2022**

April 2021 Session for SDE/Private Students

(CBCSS)

Political Science

POL 2C 08—THEORIES AND CONCEPTS OF INTERNATIONAL POLITICS

(2019 Admission onwards)

Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 30 Weightage

General Instructions

(Covid Instructions are not applicable for Pvt/SDE students)

1. *In cases where choices are provided, students can attend all questions in each section.*
2. *The minimum number of questions to be attended from the Section / Part shall remain the same.*
3. *The instruction if any, to attend a minimum number of questions from each sub section / sub part / sub division may be ignored.*
4. *There will be an overall ceiling for each Section / Part that is equivalent to the maximum weightage of the Section / Part.*

Section A (Short Answer Questions)

*Answer any four questions.
Each question carries 2 weightage.*

1. Hegemony.
2. Security Dilemma.
3. Centre-Periphery Relations.
4. Spill Over Effect.
5. Human Security.
6. New Social Movements.
7. Global Governance.

(4 × 2 = 8 weightage)

Turn over

Section B (Short Essay Questions)

Answer any four questions.

Each question carries 3 weightage.

8. Explain the different dimensions of National Power.
9. Examine the major typologies in Morton Kaplans' Systems theory.
10. What is the Game-theoretic approach to international politics ?
11. Analyse the central premises of Green Politics.
12. How did the policy of containment of Communism emerge during the Cold War ?
13. Bring out the features of New Imperialism.
14. Comment on the major theories of Conflict Resolution.

(4 × 3 = 12 weightage)

Section C (Essay Questions)

Answer any two questions.

Each question carries 5 weightage.

15. Elucidate the central assumptions of the Realist approach to international politics.
16. What are the factors that contributed to the emergence of the Global Civil Society ?
17. Analyse the impacts of Neoliberalism in reshaping the political economy of contemporary nation-states.
18. Examine the significant changes and developments that have taken place in the post-Cold War international system.

(2 × 5 = 10 weightage)

**SECOND SEMESTER M.A. DEGREE (REGULAR/SUPPLEMENTARY)
EXAMINATION, APRIL 2022**

April 2021 Session for SDE/Private Students

(CBCSS)

Political Science

POL 2C 07—ISSUES IN INDIAN POLITICS

(2019 Admission onwards)

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

Time : 15 Minutes

Total No. of Questions : 20

Maximum : 5 Weightage

INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATE

1. This Question Paper carries Multiple Choice Questions from 1 to 20.
2. The candidate should check that the question paper supplied to him/her contains all the 20 questions in serial order.
3. Each question is provided with choices (A), (B), (C) and (D) having one correct answer. Choose the correct answer and enter it in the main answer-book.
4. The MCQ question paper will be supplied after the completion of the descriptive examination.

POL 2C 07—ISSUES IN INDIAN POLITICS

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

1. Dr. T. M. Nair is related to which of the following ?
 - (A) Justice party.
 - (B) Labour party.
 - (C) Forward Party.
 - (D) TDP.
2. Which among the following was NOT a political party at the time of its foundation ?
 - (A) Sikkim Democratic Front.
 - (B) Mizo National Front.
 - (C) Shiv Sen.
 - (D) Uttarakhand Kranti Dal.
3. Who described the nature of Indian State as 'incremental democratic modernization' ?
 - (A) Morris John.
 - (B) Rajni Kothari.
 - (C) Francine Frankel.
 - (D) Susan and Lloyd Rudolph.
4. Who among the following first initiated the study of State Politics in India ?
 - (A) Iqbal Narain.
 - (B) Paul R. Brass.
 - (C) Stanley Kochanak.
 - (D) Myron Weiner.
5. Who has called India a Democratic Developmental State ?
 - (A) Paul Brass.
 - (B) James Manor.
 - (C) Christopher Jefferlot.
 - (D) Atul Kohli.
6. Which one is not an element of the Secular State in India ?
 - (A) Civil Equality.
 - (B) Freedom of Religion.
 - (C) No religious education by the State.
 - (D) Taxation on religious property.
7. Who among the following was associated with the Swaraj Party ?
 - (A) Dr. Rajendra Prasad.
 - (B) Sardar Patel.
 - (C) Motilal Nehru.
 - (D) Jawaharlal Nehru.

8. In India a special ministry for women and social welfare was formed at the center in the year ?
- (A) 1983. (B) 1986.
(C) 1976. (D) 1981.
9. Who described social movements as 'non-party political formation' ?
- (A) Ramachandra Guha. (B) Rajani Kothari.
(C) Partha Chatterjee. (D) T. K. Oommen.
10. Idea of Sanskritisation was first of all promoted by :
- (A) G.S. Churey. (B) Prof. M. N. Srinivas.
(C) P. V. Young. (D) Sankaracharya.
11. Who said that the social stratification in India is based on 'purity and pollution' ?
- (A) M.N. Srinivas. (B) A.R. Desai.
(C) Louis Dumont. (D) Yogendra Singh.
12. Which of the following is not tribal movement ?
- (A) Tebhaga movement. (B) Chuars movement.
(C) Bhils movement. (D) Kolis movement.
13. Children labour prevention act was amended by the government in :
- (A) September 2007. (B) October 2006.
(C) January 2002. (D) October 2005.
14. When was the order for the compulsory disclosure of a candidate's criminal record issued ?
- (A) 2000. (B) 2001.
(C) 2002. (D) 2003.
15. The National Commission for Schedule Caste was established under _____ of Indian Constitution.
- (A) Article 338. (B) Article 250.
(C) Article 180. (D) Article 142.

16. Who founded Harijan Sevak Sangh in 1932 to eradicate untouchability ?
- (A) B. R. Ambedkar. (B) Gandhiji.
(C) M. N. Roy. (D) Rajaram Mohan Roy.
17. Sub-nationalism in India is most readily associated with :
- (A) Language. (B) Caste.
(C) Region. (D) Class.
18. Which of the following is one of the salient features of the coalition governments ?
- (A) Lack of polarization. (B) Political opportunism.
(C) Political defections. (D) All of the above.
19. 84th Constitution Amendment Act gives reservation for ?
- (A) Higher caste. (B) OBC.
(C) Anglo Indians, SC and STC. (D) None of these.
20. Child labor Act was enacted in :
- (A) 1986. (B) 1988.
(C) 1987. (D) 1990.

**SECOND SEMESTER M.A. DEGREE (REGULAR/SUPPLEMENTARY)
EXAMINATION, APRIL 2022**

April 2021 Session for SDE/Private Students

(CBCSS)

Political Science

POL 2C 07—ISSUES IN INDIAN POLITICS

(2019 Admission onwards)

Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 30 Weightage

General Instructions

Covid Instructions are not applicable for Pvt/SDE students

1. *In cases where choices are provided, students can attend all questions in each section.*
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Section A (Short Answer Questions)

Answer any four questions.

Each question carries 2 weightage.

1. Electoral behavior.
2. Religious' fundamentalism.
3. Unrecognized party.
4. Identity politics.
5. Globalisation.
6. Casteism.
7. Autonomy movements.

(4 × 2 = 8 weightage)

Turn over

Section B (Short Essay Questions)

Answer any four questions.

Each question carries 3 weightage.

8. Examine the role of regional parties in making Indian democracy more vibrant.
9. Distinguish between caste and class.
10. Critically examine various constitutional provisions emphasizing secularism in India.
11. What do you mean by procedural democracy ?
12. Enumerate the factors affecting political participation.
13. Discuss the emergence of coalition politics in India.
14. Consider the criteria for designating a party as a national and regional party in India.

(4 × 3 = 12 weightage)

Section C (Essay Questions)

Answer any two questions.

Each question carries 5 weightage.

15. Examine the factors determining the voting behaviour in India.
16. Consider the role of civil society organisations in the working of democracy.
17. Critically examine the features of the Indian Party system.
18. Discuss the constitutional provisions for safeguarding the interests of women in India.

(2 × 5 = 10 weightage)

**SECOND SEMESTER M.A. DEGREE (REGULAR/SUPPLEMENTARY)
EXAMINATION, APRIL 2022**

(CBCSS)

Political Science

POL 2C 06—POLITICAL THEORY : LIBERAL TRADITION

(2019 Admission onwards)

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

Time : 15 Minutes

Total No. of Questions : 20

Maximum : 5 Weightage

INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATE

1. This Question Paper carries Multiple Choice Questions from 1 to 20.
2. The candidate should check that the question paper supplied to him/her contains all the 20 questions in serial order.
3. Each question is provided with choices (A), (B), (C) and (D) having one correct answer. Choose the correct answer and enter it in the main answer-book.
4. The MCQ question paper will be supplied after the completion of the descriptive examination.

POL 2C 06—POLITICAL THEORY : LIBERAL TRADITION

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

1. How does Rousseau describe man in his primal natural state ?
 - (A) A Noble Savage.
 - (B) Solitary, nasty and brutish.
 - (C) A blank state.
 - (D) Totally corrupted.
2. What was Rousseau's remedy for the corruption and slavery of civilized society ?
 - (A) A new social contract.
 - (B) Democratic reforms.
 - (C) Revolution.
 - (D) Socialism.
3. Who among the following thinkers distinguished between "Real will" and "Actual will" ?
 - (A) Rousseau.
 - (B) Green.
 - (C) Kant.
 - (D) Locke.
4. The theory of social contract primarily seeks :
 - (A) To explore the historical origin of the state.
 - (B) To explain the basis of political obligation.
 - (C) To justify the status quo.
 - (D) To bring out a radical transformation of society by revolution.
5. Hobbesian social contract is based on :
 - (A) Desire for peace.
 - (B) Selfishness.
 - (C) Fear.
 - (D) Completion.
6. In the state of nature why will two natural men inevitably fight if they desire the something :
 - (A) They are naturally equal.
 - (B) If they were altruistic they would be exploited.
 - (C) Scarcity of resources.
 - (D) All of the above.
7. "Justice is giving everyone his due" is said by :
 - (A) Rousseau.
 - (B) Hobbes.
 - (C) Aristotle.
 - (D) None of these.

8. In describing the 'State of nature' the concept of 'the veil of ignorance was introduced by :
- (A) Hobbes. (B) Locke.
(C) Rousseau. (D) Rawls.
9. According to Hobbes and Locke Right to life liberty and property are given by :
- (A) State. (B) Nature.
(C) Society. (D) Association.
10. Who was the first political thinker who brought the concept of state in political science ?
- (A) Machiavelli.
(B) St. Thomas Aquinas.
(C) Engels.
(D) Hitler.
11. Greatest happiness of the greatest number is the contribution of _____.
- (A) Mill. (B) Green.
(C) Bentham. (D) Kant.
12. Bentham supported the theory of _____.
- (A) Natural rights. (B) Historical rights.
(C) Legal rights. (D) Ethical rights.
13. The book _____ is written by J.S. Mill.
- (A) On Liberty. (B) Two Cities.
(C) City of Joy. (D) City Lights.
14. "Introduction to the Principles of Morals and Legislation (1789)" was written by :
- (A) Jeremy Bentham. (B) J.S. Mill.
(C) John Locke. (D) None of these.
15. The positive theory of liberty was advocated by :
- (A) Mill. (B) Green.
(C) Hegel. (D) Marx.

16. "Man is a moral being and tries to seek moral perfection" says _____.
- (A) Kant. (B) Mill.
(C) Marx. (D) T. H. Green.
17. Phenomenology' of mind is a work by _____.
- (A) Hegel. (B) Green.
(C) Marx. (D) Hegel.
18. Philosophy of Right (1831) is a work by _____.
- (A) Marx. (B) Engels.
(C) Lenin. (D) Hegel.
19. Who was the founder of Hegelianism and Historicism ?
- (A) George Wilhelm Friedrich Hegel. (B) H. Jackson.
(C) Immanuel Kant. (D) Horn, David Bayne.
20. "We must face the fact that the preservation of individual freedom is incompatible with a full satisfaction of our views of distributive justice" who said ?
- (A) Hayek. (B) Samuel P Huntington.
(C) Immanuel Kant. (D) Milton Friedman.

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EXAMINATION, APRIL 2022**

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(CBCSS)

Political Science

POL 2C 06—POLITICAL THEORY : LIBERAL TRADITION

(2019 Admission onwards)

Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 30 Weightage

General Instructions

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- 3. The instruction if any, to attend a minimum number of questions from each sub section / sub part / sub division may be ignored.*
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Section A (Short Answer Questions)

*Answer any four questions.
Each question carries 2 weightage.*

1. Rationality.
2. The State of Nature.
3. Political Realism.
4. Limited Government.
5. Felicific Calculus.
6. Laissez-Faire State.
7. Dialectics.

(4 × 2 = 8 weightage)

Turn over

Section B (Short Essay Questions)

Answer any four questions.

Each question carries 3 weightage. -

8. Elucidate the different dimensions of Modernity.
9. How did Machiavelli justify the separation of Ethics from Politics ?
10. Write a note on Hobbes's views on Sovereignty and Political Obligation.
11. Explain how did Locke provide justifications for the right to Private Property ?
12. Examine the Conservative political philosophy of Edmund Burke.
13. What are the innovative aspects of J. S. Mill's views on Liberty ?
14. Discuss John Rawls's two principles of Justice.

(4 × 3 = 12 weightage)

Section C (Essay Questions)

Answer any two questions.

Each question carries 5 weightage.

15. Explain the influence of Rousseau's social contract theory in the development of Republican liberalism.
16. How did Hegel theorise the formation of Family, Civil Society and the State ?
17. Examine the major political ideas of Harold Laski.
18. Analyse Robert Nozick's views on minimal state based on his Entitlement theory.

(2 × 5 = 10 weightage)

**SECOND SEMESTER M.A. DEGREE (REGULAR/SUPPLEMENTARY)
EXAMINATION, APRIL 2022**

April 2021 Session for SDE/Private Students

(CBCSS)

Political Science

POL 2C 05—COMPARATIVE POLITICS

(2019 Admission onwards)

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

Time : 15 Minutes

Total No. of Questions : 20

Maximum : 5 Weightage

INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATE

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2. The candidate should check that the question paper supplied to him/her contains all the 20 questions in serial order.
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POL 2C 05—COMPARATIVE POLITICS
(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

1. Who said “Power corrupts and absolute power corrupts absolutely” :
 - (A) Robert A. Dhal.
 - (B) David Easton.
 - (C) Lord Acton.
 - (D) Paul Janet.
2. Which of the following is an input function according to Almond ?
 - (A) Political culture.
 - (B) Political development.
 - (C) Interest Articulation.
 - (D) Political structure.
3. The main exponent of Political Communication was _____.
 - (A) Karl Deutch.
 - (B) Max Weber.
 - (C) Bingham Powell.
 - (D) Carl J.Friedrich.
4. Political system has been defined as “that system of interactions in any society through which binding or authoritative allocation are made and implemented” by :
 - (A) Robert A. Dhal.
 - (B) David Easton.
 - (C) Max Weber.
 - (D) Paul Janet.
5. The process of political socialization which is continuous and consistent, type is known as :
 - (A) Heterogeneous political socialization.
 - (B) Homogeneous political socialization.
 - (C) Manifest political socialization.
 - (D) Latent political socialization.
6. Which is the most important method used by pressure groups to influence the government ?
 - (A) Contest election.
 - (B) Lobbying.
 - (C) Strike.
 - (D) None of these.
7. One party system means :
 - (A) There is one dominant party, while the other parties occupy an insignificant position
 - (B) There may be number of political parties but the government is formed by one party viz.
 - (C) There is only one political party and no other political party is permitted to come into power.
 - (D) None of these.

8. Interest groups are :
- (A) Purely political organizations.
 - (B) Purely military organizations.
 - (C) Purely economic organizations.
 - (D) Of universal character and includes groups like business, labours, farmers and other professional groups etc.
9. Which is known as the 'Back bone of democracy' ?
- (A) Interest Groups.
 - (B) Political Parties.
 - (C) Legislature.
 - (D) Pressure Groups.
10. The 'Mother of all Parliaments' is the Parliament of _____.
- (A) Britain.
 - (B) India.
 - (C) U.S.A.
 - (D) France.
11. The nominal executive in India is known as :
- (A) The President.
 - (B) The Cabinet.
 - (C) Judiciary.
 - (D) Army.
12. In Presidential system, the head of the state :
- (A) Cannot be removed by the legislature.
 - (B) Can be removed by the legislature.
 - (C) Can be removed by the legislature through a very difficult process.
 - (D) None of these.
13. The most clear exposition of 'Rule of Law' is provided by :
- (A) Jean Bodin.
 - (B) Ivor Jennings.
 - (C) A.V. Dicey.
 - (D) Earnest Barker.
14. The Vohra Committee was appointed to look into :
- (A) Socio-economic nexus.
 - (B) Political-industrial nexus.
 - (C) Religio-politics nexus.
 - (D) Crime-politics nexus.

15. Universal Declaration of Human Rights consist of :
- (A) One Preamble and 30 Articles. (B) 15 Articles.
(C) One Preamble and 28 Articles. (D) One Preamble and 10 Articles.
16. Who is the present Chairperson of National Women's Commission in India ?
- (A) Girija Vyas. (B) Jayathri Patnaik.
(C) Mamata Sharma. (D) None of these.
17. The World Environmental Day is celebrated every year on :
- (A) September 6. (B) June 5.
(C) October 16. (D) April 4.
18. American World Trade Centre terrorist attack took place on :
- (A) September 11, 2008. (B) January 9, 2009.
(C) September 11, 2001. (D) None of these.
19. 'Terrorism and Globalization' was the book written by :
- (A) James D.Kirans. (B) Lon Troyer.
(C) Karen Mingst. (D) None of these.
20. Britain has _____ party system.
- (A) Two Party System. (B) One Party System.
(C) Multiparty System. (D) None of these.

**SECOND SEMESTER M.A. DEGREE (REGULAR/SUPPLEMENTARY)
EXAMINATION, APRIL 2022**

April 2021 Session for SDE/Private Students

(CBCSS)

Political Science

POL 2C 05—COMPARATIVE POLITICS

(2019 Admission onwards)

Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 30 Weightage

General Instructions

Covid Instructions are not applicable for Pvt/SDE students

1. *In cases where choices are provided, students can attend all questions in each section.*
2. *The minimum number of questions to be attended from the Section / Part shall remain the same.*
3. *The instruction if any, to attend a minimum number of questions from each sub section / sub part / sub division may be ignored.*
4. *There will be an overall ceiling for each Section / Part that is equivalent to the maximum weightage of the Section / Part.*

Section A (Short Answer Questions)

Answer any four questions.

Each question carries 2 weightage.

1. Briefly outline the theoretical framework of the Structural-Functional Approach.
2. What do we mean by the development of underdevelopment ?
3. How does civic nationalism differ from ethnic nationalism ?
4. Do you believe that Finer's classification of political culture into low, developed and mature is useful in comparative political analysis ?
5. Do you think democracy can survive within an one-party dominant system ?
6. Discuss the features of corporatist states.
7. Explain the modality of the Single Transferable Vote system.

(4 × 2 = 8 weightage)

Turn over

Section B (Short Essay Questions)

Answer any four questions.

Each question carries 3 weightage.

8. "I will not buy glass for the price of diamonds and I will never allow patriotism to triumph over humanity" Critically assess the statement of Rabindranath Tagore in the context of the recent debates on Indian Nationalism.
9. Explain the classificatory scheme of political culture proposed by Gabriel A Almond and Sidney Verba.
10. Elucidate the features of post-colonial states.
11. Explicate the theoretical framework proposed by Immanuel Wallerstein in his multi-volume opus, *The Modern World-System*.
12. Briefly describe the sevenfold classification of political parties by Alan R Ball.
13. What are the various methods of Proportional representation ?
14. Illuminate various dimensions of democracy. Do you believe that political democracy leads to demands for social and economic democracy ?

(4 × 3 = 12 weightage)

Section C (Essay Questions)

Answer any two questions.

Each question carries 5 weightage.

15. Write an essay on the role of political parties in the successful functioning of democracy.
16. Analyse the elements of nationalism. What are the various types of Nationalism ?
17. Trace the historical development of political authority and constitutionalism.
18. Critically assess the validity of modernization theory. What are the criticisms raised by dependency theorists ?

(2 × 5 = 10 weightage)

SECOND SEMESTER (CBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2021

Political Science

IPO 1(2) C01—INTERNATIONAL POLITICS AND ORGANIZATION : INTRODUCTION
AND CONCEPTS

Time : Two Hours and a Half

Maximum : 80 Marks

Section A (Short Answer Questions)*Answer at least ten questions.**Each question carries 3 marks.**All questions can be attended.**Overall Ceiling 30.*

1. Political Realism.
2. Panchasheel.
3. Buffer states.
4. National Interest.
5. Peace of Westphalia.
6. Power.
7. Neo-Realism.
8. Unit Veto System.
9. Collective security.
10. Foreign Policy Objectives.
11. Functions of Diplomat.
12. Partial disarmament.
13. IAEA.
14. Summit diplomacy.
15. Natural Resources.

(10 × 3 = 30 marks)

Section B (Paragraph Questions)*Answer at least five questions.**Each question carries 6 marks.**All questions can be attended.**Overall Ceiling 30.*

16. Define International Politics. Discuss its scope.
17. Describe the main features Kaplan's System Theory.
18. Basic Principles of India's Foreign Policy.

Turn over

19. Describe the important methods of peaceful settlement of disputes.
20. Critically examine corollaries of state system.
21. Write a note on Methods of maintaining balance of power.
22. Briefly describe the types of diplomacy.
23. Explain the importance of Arms Control.

(5 × 6 = 30 marks)

Section C (Essay Questions)

Answer any two questions.

Each question carries 10 marks.

24. Critically examine the Realist Approach to International Politics.
25. Briefly describe what is National Power. Discuss the important elements of National Power.
26. What is Foreign Policy ? Examine the Determinants of Foreign Policy.
27. Write an essay on Composition and Functions of Principal Organs of UNO.

(2 × 10 = 20 marks)

**SECOND SEMESTER (CBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION
APRIL 2021**

Political Science

ICP 1(2)C01—INDIAN CONSTITUTION AND POLITICS : BASIC FEATURES AND
GOVERNMENTAL STRUCTURES

Time : Two Hours and a Half

Maximum : 80 Marks

Section A (Short Answer Questions)

Answer at least ten questions.

Each question carries 3 marks.

All questions can be attended.

Overall Ceiling 30.

1. Constitution of the state.
2. Government of India Act 1919.
3. Dyarchy.
4. Parliamentary System.
5. 42nd Amendment.
6. Right to equality.
7. Union executive.
8. Emergency Powers.
9. Rajya Sabha.
10. Parliamentary Committees.
11. Legislative Council.
12. Chief Minister.
13. Original Jurisdiction.
14. Judicial Review.
15. Secular State.

(10 × 3 = 30 marks)

Turn over

Section B (Paragraph Questions)

Answer at least five questions.

Each question carries 6 marks.

All questions can be attended.

Overall Ceiling 30.

16. Describe the main features of Government of India Act of 1935.
17. Explain the importance of Fundamental Rights.
18. Discuss the position and role of the Speaker of the Lok Sabha.
19. Write a note on Fundamental Duties.
20. What do you understand by the collective responsibility of the Council of Ministers ?
21. Critically examine the nature of Judicial Activism.
22. Write a note on the powers and functions of the Prime Minister in India.
23. Write a note on Public Interest Litigation and its importance.

(5 × 6 = 30 marks)

Section C (Essay Questions)

Answer any two questions.

Each question carries 10 marks.

24. Describe the salient features of the Indian Constitution.
25. Explain the importance of Directive principles as instruments for social-transformation.
26. Describe the powers and functions of the Supreme Court.
27. Examine the powers and position of the President.

(2 × 10 = 20 marks)